THE CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- Implant for compensating for pathological changes in the spinal column or locomotor system comprising a varnish-like biodegradable polymer coating of a thickness of $100 \ \mu m$ or less.
- 2. Implant of claim 1 wherein the implant is a fracture-fixation or endoprosthetic 10 device.
 - 3. Implant of claim 2 wherein the fracture-fixation device is selected from the group consisting of a plate, screw, nail, pin, wire, thread, and cage.
- 15 4. Implant of claim 1 wherein the varnish-like coating has a thickness of 50 μ m or less.
 - 5. Implant of claim 4 wherein the varnish-like coating has a thickness of 10 to 30 μ m.
- 6. Implant of claim 1 wherein the polymer has a glass transition temperature of more 20 than 37°C (98.6°F).
 - 7. Implant of claim 1 wherein the polymer has a mean molecular weight of 100 kDa or less.
- 25 8. Implant of claim 1 wherein the polymer is selected from the group consisting of poly-α hydroxy acids, polyglycols, polytyrosine carbonates, starch, gelatins, cellulose, and blends and interpolymers thereof.
- Implant of claim 8 wherein the polymer includes poly-α hydroxy acids that are
 selected from the group consisting of polylactides, polyglycol acids, and interpolymers thereof.
 - 10. Implant of claim 1 wherein the varnish-like coating contains a pharmaceutically active additive.

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- 11. Implant of claim 10 wherein the pharmaceutically active additive includes an osteoinductive substance.
- 12. Implant of claim 11 wherein the osteoinductive substance contains a growth factor.
- 13. Implant of claim 12 wherein a growth-factor percentage of a total weight of the coating is 0.1 to 10% by weight.
- 14. Implant of claim 13 wherein the growth-factor percentage of the total weight is 0.5 to 8% by weight.
 - 15. Implant of claim 14 wherein the growth-factor percentage of the total weight is 1 to 5% by weight.
- 15 16. Implant of claim 12 wherein the growth factor includes at least one of IGF, TGF, FGF, EGF, BMP, and PDGF.
 - 17. Implant of claim 12 wherein the growth factor is IGF-I or TGF-β.
- 20 18. Implant of claim 12 wherein the growth factor is a mixture of IGF-I and TGF-β.
 - 19. Implant of claim 18 wherein the coating contains about 5% by weight of IGF-I and 1% by weight of TGF-β1.
- 25 20. Implant of claim 1 wherein the coating contains at least two layers of the biodegradable polymer.
 - 21. Method for making the implant of claim 1 comprising:
 - a. Preparing a dispersion of the biodegradable polymer in an organic solvent;
- b. Applying the dispersion on the implant surface to be coated; and
 - c. Allowing the solvent to evaporate.
 - 22. Method of claim 21 wherein the application and evaporation occur at a temperature between 0 and 30°C (32 86°F).

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- 23. Method of claim 21 wherein the evaporation of the solvent occurs in a gaseous atmosphere substantially saturated with solvent vapor.
- 24. Method of claim 21 wherein the application of the dispersion and the evaporation of the solvent are repeated at least two times.
 - 25. Method of claim 21 wherein the dispersion is a colloidal solution of the polymer in the solvent.
- 10 26. Method of claim 25 wherein the colloidal solution is produced by allowing a mixture of polymer and solvent to stand for 1 minute to 24 hours.
 - 27. Method of claim 25 wherein the colloidal solution is filtered prior to its application.
- 15 28. Method of claim 27 wherein the colloidal solution is filtered through a micropore filter with a pore size of 0.45 μ m or smaller.
 - 29. Method of claim 21 wherein ethyl acetate or chloroform is used as the solvent.
- 20 30. Method of claim 21 wherein the dispersion contains 20 to 300 mg of polymer per ml of solvent.
 - 31. Orthopaedic implant having a varnish-like biodegradable polymer coating of a thickness of $100 \mu m$ or less, the implant made by:
- 25 a. Preparing a dispersion of the biodegradable polymer in an organic solvent;
 - b. Applying the dispersion on the implant surface to be coated; and
 - c. Allowing the solvent to evaporate.

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